



Preventing

Falls can have a serious effect on anyone but there are some basic steps you can take to help prevent them.





Do you or someone you know:

- Feel nervous about the possibility of falling?
- Get dizzy or feel light-headed when getting up out of a chair or bed?
- Have difficulty walking or feel unsteady on your feet?
- Take four or more medications daily?
- Exercise less than twice a week?



The top five ways to prevent falls





1. Look after your feet

- Make sure your shoes/slippers keep your foot firmly in place.
 Avoid narrow heels, open backs or worn soles.
- See a podiatrist if your feet are painful.



2. Stay well

- Eat healthily and regularly. Avoid going for long periods between meals.
- Drink enough water.
- Always take your medicines on time and as prescribed. Check if they have side effects like dizziness/light headedness or drowsiness. If you aren't sure, ask your pharmacist when you pick up your prescription.
- Be aware of changing weather conditions, especially if rain or freezing temperatures are forecast.



3. Look after your eyes

- Have your eyes tested regularly (every two years if under 70, annually thereafter) - it's free if you're over 65.
- Look after your glasses and clean them often.



4. Stay active, stay steady

- Be active try to do 30 minutes of moderate activity every day. Moderate activity means you will be slightly out of breath.
- Try to sit less, keep doing little things every day.
- On two days per week try to do exercises to increase your strength (e.g. carrying shopping) and balance (e.g. dancing).
- Continue with any exercises you have been advised to do.



5. Look after your home

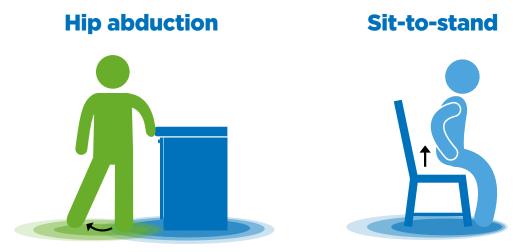
- Replace worn floor coverings.
- Replace or remove rugs that have curled edges.
- Remove clutter and ensure your home is well lit.
- Replace low beds and chairs if you struggle to get up from them.
- Beware of slippery floors in kitchens and bathrooms.
- Keep your home warm.

If you think you are at risk of having a fall, talk to your GP or pharmacist - many falls can be avoided with help

Exercise can help you stay active, stay steady



Hip circles High knees Hip extension Heel raises



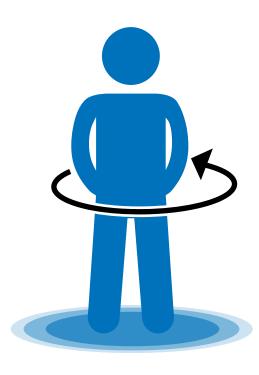


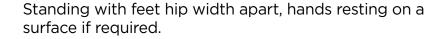
For more information on how to do these exercises pick up a copy of the booklet - **Preventing falls**

Hip circles

High knees

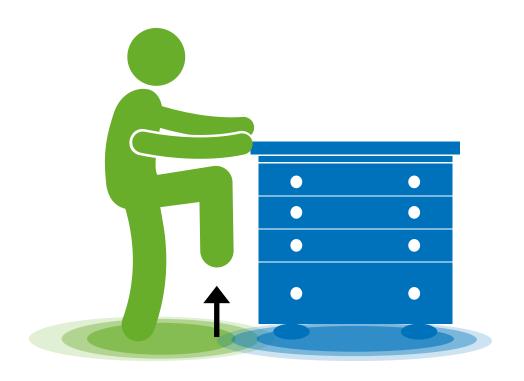






Slowly circle your hips 5 times in one direction, then 5 times in the opposite direction.

Whilst doing this, concentrate on your feet - you should feel your body weight shifting over different portions of your feet as you circle.



Standing with feet hip width apart, hands resting on a surface if required. A kitchen worktop or chest of drawers is best, but if you use a chair, make sure it is steady.

Start movement at your ankle and pull your toes upwards then lift your whole leg up infront of you.

Bending at your hip and knee. Hold the leg up for 3 seconds, then slowly lower.

Make sure your heel hits the ground first and you maintain the hip width stance throughout.

Repeat 10 times each leg.

Hip extension



Standing with feet hip width apart, hands resting on surface if required. A kitchen worktop or chest of drawers is best, but if you use a chair, make sure it is steady.

Keeping your knees straight, move your straight leg backwards extending your hip (without pointing your toes).

Make sure you keep your back straight - do not lean forwards.

Repeat 10 times each leg.

Heel raises





Standing with feet hip width apart, hands resting on a surface if required. A kitchen worktop or chest of drawers is best, but if you use a chair, make sure it is steady.

Slowly raise up onto your tip toes, pushing through feet not hands.

Hold for 3 seconds and gradually lower your heels back down.

Do not let your body rock backwards when you lower back to the floor.

Repeat 10 times .

Hip abduction

Sit-to-stand





Standing with feet hip width apart, hands resting on a surface if required. A kitchen worktop or chest of drawers is best, but if you use a chair, make sure it is steady. **Important: your toes must face forwards at all times during this exercise.**

If you imagine you are standing in the middle of a clock your toes need to be pointing towards 12 o'clock. Do not let them turn to face 2 o'clock or 10 o'clock.

If they do not face forwards you are not working the correct muscles. Keeping your knee straight and toes forwards, slowly lift one leg out to the side and hold for 2 - 3 seconds then return to the original position.

Make sure your body remains upright. Do not lean over to lift your leg higher.



Sitting in a stable chair of adequate height (your hips and knees should be in line).

Come forwards in the seat, feet flat on the floor and lean forwards with your body.

Push down through your legs and stand up straight without using your arms to assist. Stand for a few seconds before slowly sitting back down.

To sit; stick your bottom out and sit down slowly again without using your arms for support. Do not drop down in to the chair.

Repeat 10 times.



This information has been produced as part of the Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland, Sustainability and Transformation Partnership.

You can find out more about the partnership by visiting www.bettercareleicester.nhs.uk